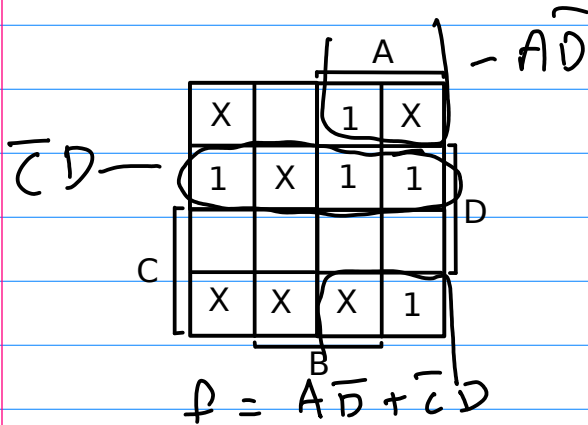


Incompletely Specified Functions (include "don't cares")



Input combinations which don't occur
or you don't care what happens if that input combination does occur



Book uses "d" instead of "X"

"Covering" the don't cares is optional. Cover if it helps making larger prime implicants (fewer literals in the product term). Otherwise ignore them.

$$f = \sum m(1,9,10,12,13) + d(0,2,5,6,8,14)$$

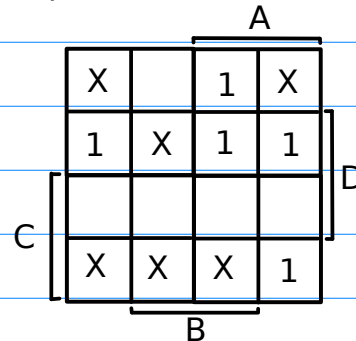
$$f = \prod M(3,4,7,11,15) \cdot D(0,2,5,6,8,14)$$

Same don't cares

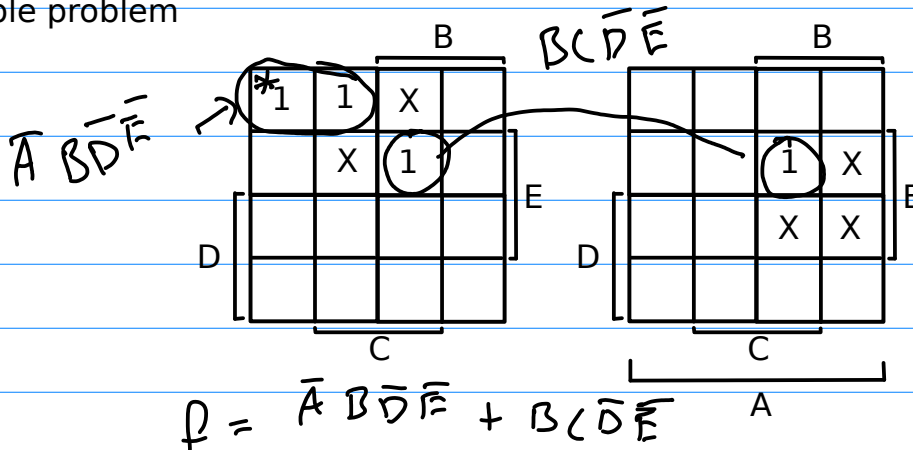
It is sometimes difficult to determine which prime implicants to choose.
None are essential in this problem.

What is the minimal cover?

Same problem



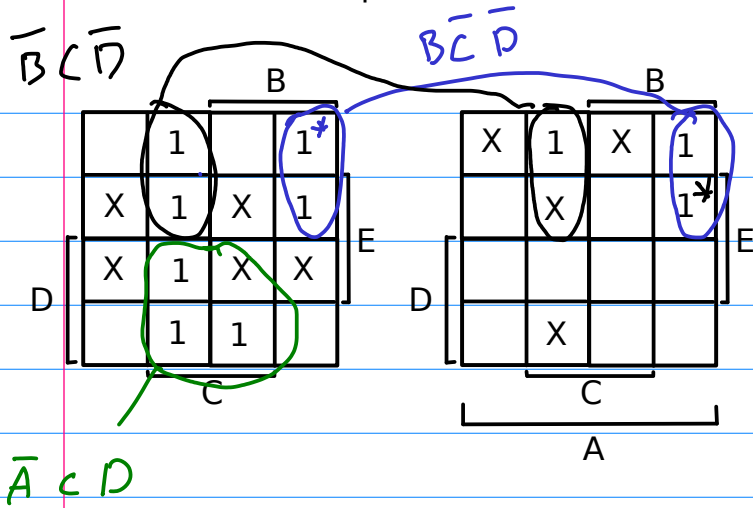
5-variable problem



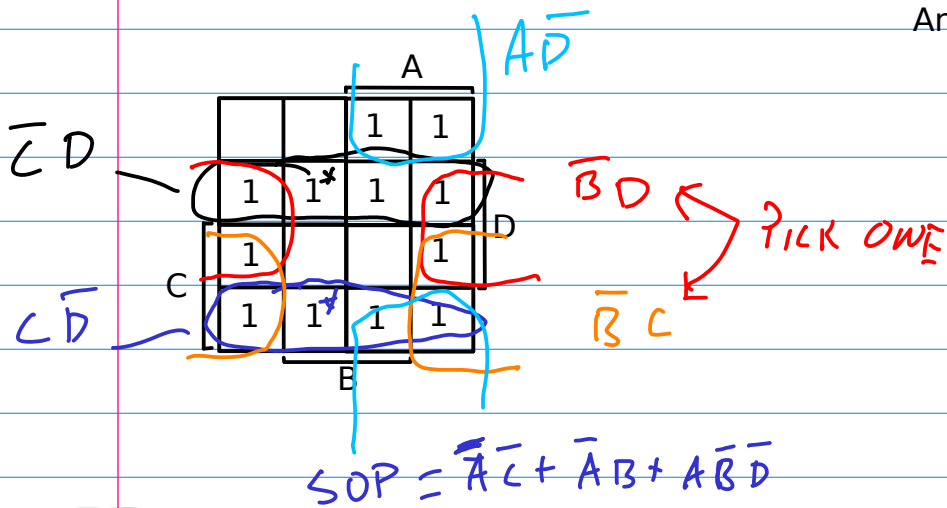
don't always pick the biggest groups

$$f = \bar{A} B \bar{D} \bar{E} + B C \bar{D} \bar{E}$$

Another 5-variable problem

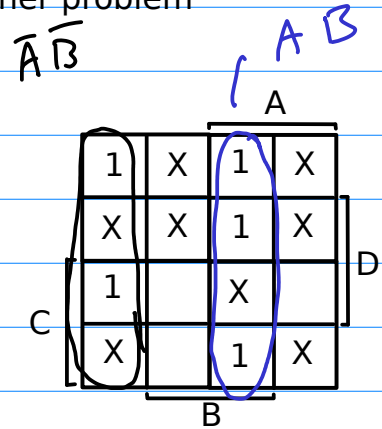


$$f = \bar{B}C\bar{D} + B\bar{C}\bar{D} + ACD$$

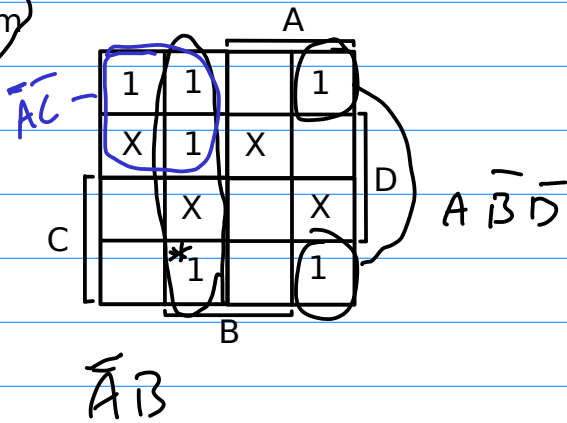


$$SOP = \bar{A}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B + A\bar{B}\bar{D}$$

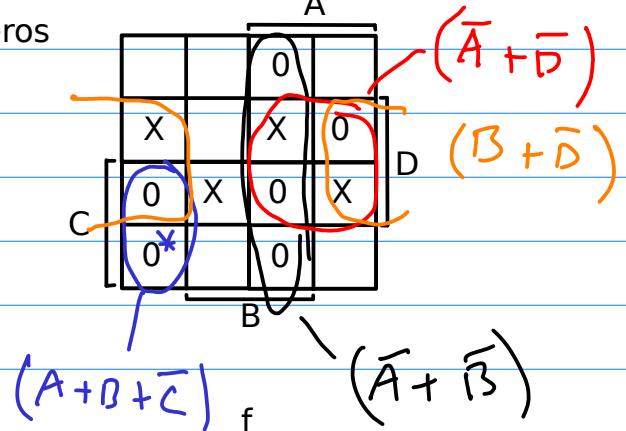
Another problem



POS problem

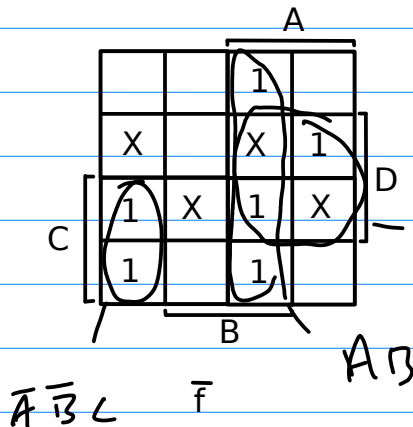


cover zeros of f



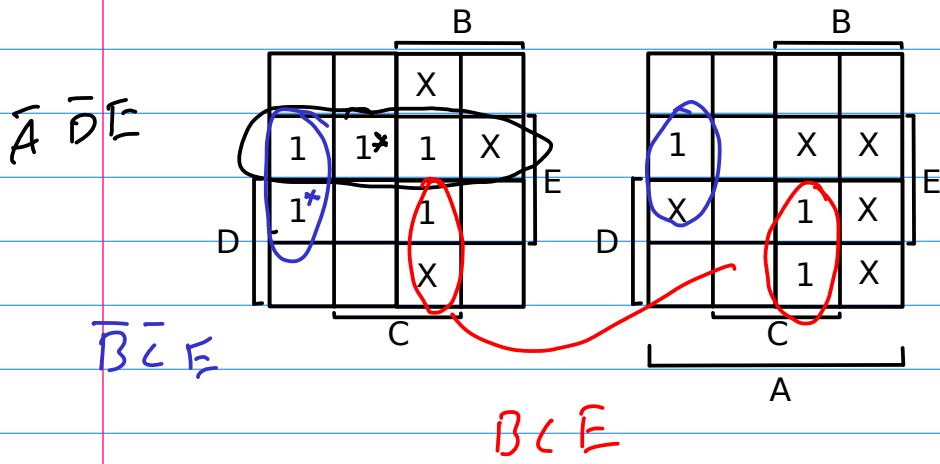
$$F = (A+B+C)(\bar{A}+\bar{B})(\bar{A}+\bar{D})(B+\bar{D})$$

cover ones of f-bar

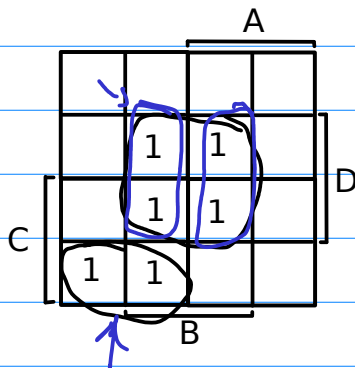


$$\bar{F} = \bar{A}\bar{B}C + AB + AD$$

5-variable problem

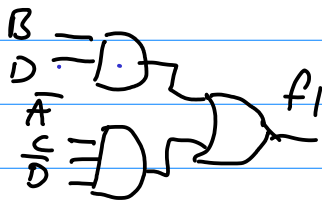


Multiple-output Networks

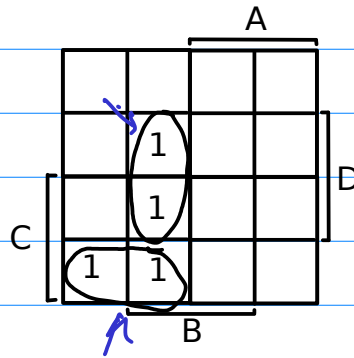


f1

$$f_1 = BD + \overline{A}C\overline{D}$$

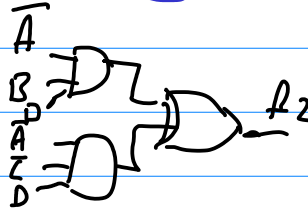


$$\text{cost} = 3 + 7 = 10$$

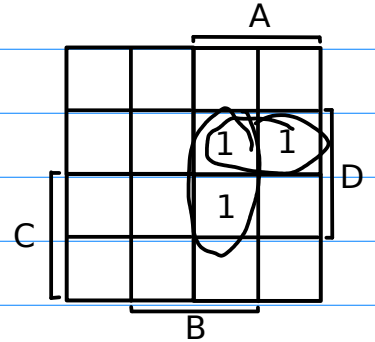


f2

$$f_2 = \overline{A}BD + \overline{A}\overline{C}D$$

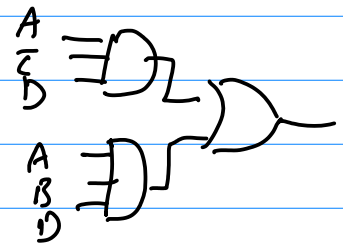


$$\text{cost} = 3 + 8 = 11$$



f3

$$f_3 = \overline{A}\overline{C}D + ABD$$

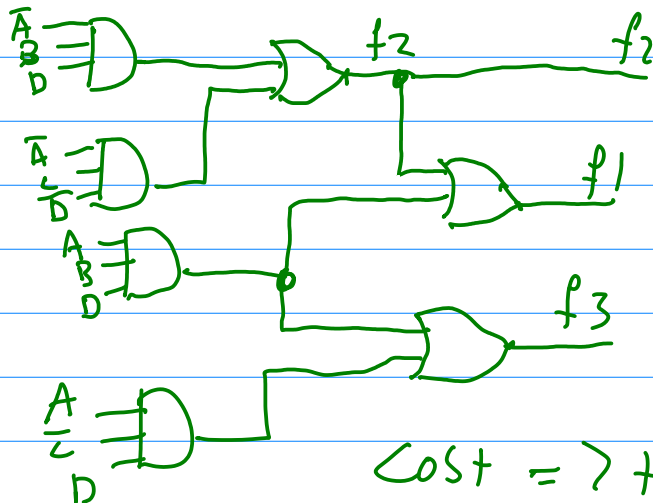
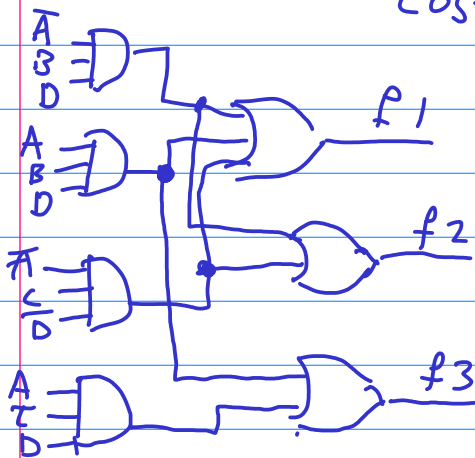


$$\text{cost} = 3 + 8 = 11$$

$$\text{total cost} = 32$$

$$f_1 = \overline{A}BD + ABD + \overline{A}\overline{C}D = f_2 + ABD$$

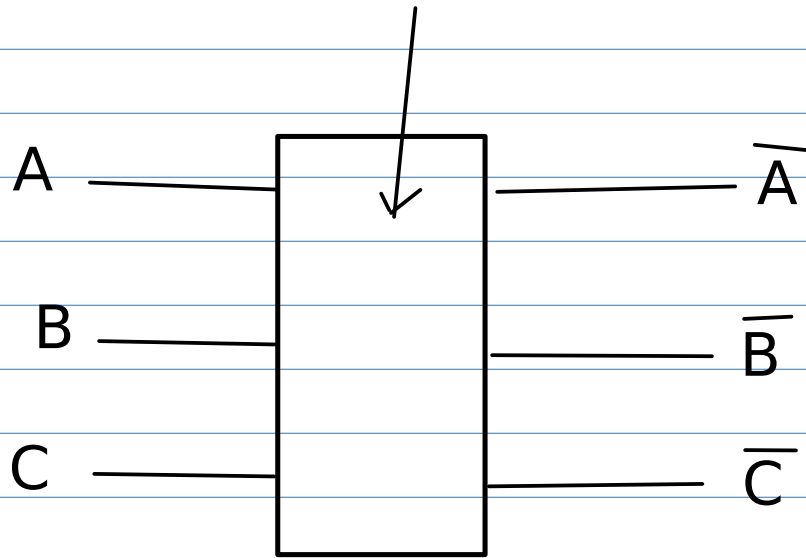
$$\text{cost} = 7 + 19 = 26$$



$$\text{cost} = 7 + 18 = 25$$

PUZZLE

ANDs
ORs
2 INVERTERS



HINT: The answer is "symmetric"