

# ECE 417 --- ROBOTICS

## Homework 7 and 8

Solve the inverse kinematics problem for the Lab-Volt robot. We assume  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_5$  is known and we need to compute  $\theta_i$ . The following method is suggested (use my solution to Homework 6 as a starting point):

### Homework 7:

1. Write  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_1$ ,  ${}^1\mathbf{T}_2$ ,  ${}^2\mathbf{T}_3$ ,  ${}^3\mathbf{T}_4$ , and  ${}^4\mathbf{T}_5$  as functions of  $\theta_i$  (suggestion: leave nonzero  $d_i$  and  $a_i$  as symbols --- don't substitute their values).
2. Write  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_3$  and  ${}^3\mathbf{T}_5$  and their inverses as functions of  $\theta_i$ .

### Homework 8:

1. Solve for the **translation components** of  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_3$  by multiplying  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_5 {}^5\mathbf{T}_3$  (you are only interested in the translation portion). Note that  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_5$  and the other link parameters are known. Equate these translation components to the translation components of  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_3$  (expressions we found above involving  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$ , and  $\theta_3$ ). Solve for  $\theta_1$  (using  $x$  and  $y$  components), then  $\theta_3$  (using  $r$  and  $z$ ), and finally  $\theta_2$  (using  $r$  and  $z$ ) where  $r$  is the square root of  $x$  squared plus  $y$  squared.
2. With  $\theta_1$ ,  $\theta_2$ , and  $\theta_3$  now solved for, we know the elements of  ${}^0\mathbf{T}_3$  and can now solve for  ${}^3\mathbf{T}_5 = {}^3\mathbf{T}_0 {}^0\mathbf{T}_5$  (known values). By equating elements of this to our expression for  ${}^3\mathbf{T}_5$  found above, we can now solve for  $\theta_4$  and  $\theta_5$ .