

ECE435: Network Engineering – Homework 1
Sockets Programming

Due: Thursday, 13 September 2018, 3:30pm

This Homework is meant to get you started with socket programming. It should run on any Linux/UNIX/OSX machine. If you do not have access to such a system let me know and I can provide access.

1. Download and Build the Code

(a) Download the code from:

`http://web.eece.maine.edu/~vweaver/classes/ece435/ece435_hw1_code.tar.gz`

(b) Unpack the files:

`tar -xzvf ece435_hw1_code.tar.gz`

(c) Build the C files:

`cd ece435_hw1_code`
`make`

2. Test the Code

(a) It might be easier to see what's going on if you have two shell windows open.

(b) In one, first run `./server`

(c) In another, run `./client`

(d) Type a message on client, and it should travel over the network to server and appear on the server.

(e) Take a look at the code and see how it works.

(f) Note, if you try to re-run the code you might find you get an error such as `Error binding! Address already in use` This is because the client ends so suddenly the network connection is not shut down properly and the network connection enters `TIME_WAIT` state which lasts 60 seconds as the OS waits in case any lingering packets are still on their way. You can possibly avoid this by uncommenting the `sleep()` in the `server.c` code.

3. Modify the code (7pts total)

(a) **Modify the server to echo** (1pt)
Modify the server code (`server.c`) so that it gets the message from the client and sends the same message back.

(b) **Modify the server to not exit** (1pt)
Modify the server code (`server.c`) so that instead of exiting after one transaction, it instead loops forever reading from the file descriptor and responding

(c) **Modify the client so that it does not exit** (1pt)
Modify the client code (`client.c`) so it loops forever, waiting for a message to be typed then sending it. You can always use control-C to quit.

- (d) **Server closes on command** (1pt)
Modify the server code so that if the string `bye` is sent, it exits the server.
You can use the `strncmp()` function for this, but beware the unusual behavior of `strncmp()` (0 means a match)
Also note that `fgets()` is going to leave the trailing linefeed at the end of the string so take that into account.
- (e) **Quit client on exit** (1pt)
Once `bye` is echoed back from the server, detect this on the client and exit the client too.
- (f) **Have the server uppercase the string** (2pts)
Modify the server so that when it receives the string it converts all of the lowercase characters to uppercase before sending back the uppercased response.
You might find the `toupper()` function useful.
- (g) Be sure to comment your code!
Also be sure to fix any warnings that the compiler gives.

4. Something Cool (1pt)

Do one of the following:

- Modify the server to get the port number from the command line (look into `atoi()` or `strtod()`).
Modify the client to get both the hostname and port from the command line.
- When an incoming connection comes into the server, print the port and address of the incoming client.
This can be found in the `client_addr` structure.
- Modify your server code to also change the color of the text that is returned.
HINT: Look up “ANSI escape codes”

5. Answer the following questions (2pts total)

Short answers are fine. Put your answers in the `README` file using a text editor, it will be automatically included in the submission process.

- (a) In the OSI reference model, which layer deals with the actual bits, voltages and frequencies involved?
- (b) In the OSI reference model, which layer deals with routing packets from one network to another?

6. Submit your work

- Please edit the `README` file to include your name.
Also put your answers to the questions there.
- Run `make submit` which will create a `hw1_submit.tar.gz` file containing `README`, `Makefile`, `server.c` and `client.c`.
You can verify the contents with `tar -tzvf hw1_submit.tar.gz`
- e-mail the `hw1_submit.tar.gz` file to me (vincent.weaver@maine.edu) by the homework deadline. Be sure to send the proper file!