## ECE598: Advanced Operating Systems – Homework 6

Spring 2015 Graphics

Due: Wednesday, 15 April 2015, 5pm

Answer the following questions, putting the answer in some sort of document (.txt, .pdf, .doc).

- 1. When adding a new interface to the kernel, what is one advantage to adding it as a system call? What is one disadvantage of adding it as a system call?
- 2. The new "4k" video standard supports monitors with a resolution of 4096 x 2160 pixels. If you assume a depth of 32bpp (bits per pixel) and an update refresh rate of 60Hz,
  - (a) What bandwidth is needed to update this display?
  - (b) Can an HDMI 1.0 connection provide this much bandwidth?
  - (c) What is the bandwidth of an HDMI 2.0 connection? Why might they have chosen this speed?
- 3. The Raspberry Pi mailbox interface lets you submit a 32-bit value to the GPU. The top 28 bits are the message, the bottom 4 bits are the channel. To configure a framebuffer, you need to send the address of a framebuffer structure as the message to channel 1.
  - (a) What restrictions are there on where this structure can be in memory?
  - (b) With gcc how can you ensure that a structure's address does not have any of the bottom 4 bits set?
- 4. What would this code do, if you assume the framebuffer points to an 800x600x24bpp RGB framebuffer?

```
void do_something(int x, int y1, int y2, char *framebuffer) {
   int y;
   for(y=y1;y<y2;y++) {
      framebuffer[(y*pitch)+(x*3)+1]=255;
   }
}</pre>
```

## Submit your work

E-mail the file containing your answers to the questions to me by the homework deadline.