## ECE471: Embedded Systems – Homework 2

Raspberry Pi and Linux

Due: Friday, 20 September 2019, 1pm

This Homework is meant to get you started with the Raspberry Pi so that you will be prepared for future homework assignments.

### 1. Get Linux Working

- Install some form of Linux onto your Raspberry Pi. I use Raspbian, but others should be fine too. You may have obtained an SD card that already has Linux installed, or you can download images and find instructions here: http://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/
- Power up the Pi and ensure you can login. Most recent versiosn might be a nice GUI the whole way.
- Otherwise, login. Raspbian the default login is pi and default password is raspberry.
- You can change the password with the passwd command. You can also add users with the adduser command, though you probably need to be root to do that: sudo adduser
- If the GUI doesn't start by default, often you can use startx after logging in to get a graphics interface.
- If you have trouble with any of these steps and need help, let me know as soon as possible!

## 2. Copy the Assignment to your Raspberry Pi

• Download the code from:

```
http://web.eece.maine.edu/~vweaver/classes/ece471/ece471_hw2_code.tar.gz
```

- There are various ways you can do this. Using a USB key or the network are probably the easiest.
  - USB key
    - \* Ideally you just plug the USB key in and if you are running the GUI it will pop up a window and let you find the file that way.
    - \* If you are in text mode the USB key will appear somewhere in the /media directory tree.
    - \* If you're really unlucky you might have to mount the USB key by hand, something like sudo mount /dev/sda1 -o rw /media/usbkey
    - \* To copy ece471\_hw2\_code.tar.gz to your home directory type something like the following (it will vary based on exactly where the USB key got mounted) cp /media/usbkey/ece471\_hw2\_code.tar.gz ~
    - \* When you are done with the usbkey, **before** removing it you have to unmount it; you should be able to do this from the GUI, or else you can manually sudo umount /media/usbkey

#### Network

- \* If you have your Pi on the local network, you can log in with ssh and you can copy files using scp
- \* There are also a number of gui scp or sftp clients you can use to connect.
- \* If you are using a Mac, you can look into installing netatalk in order to access your Pi over the network.

### 3. Unpack the homework files

Uncompress/unpack it with the command
tar -xzvf ece471\_hw2\_code.tar.gz

#### 4. Build the C files

- Change into the ece471\_hw2\_code directory cd ece471\_hw2\_code
- Run make to build the code.
- Run ./hello\_world and it should run!

### 5. **Modify the** hello\_world.c **file** (5 pts)

• Change the file so the output is 15 lines, each line looking something like this:

```
#1: ECE471 MY_MESSAGE
```

Where the number after the # increments each line, and MY\_MESSAGE is any message you want to print. Full credit requires using some sort of loop (not just cut/paste).

- You can use any text editor you want to do this coding. A simple one that is available on the Pi is nano, you can start it by running nano hello\_world.c
- Once you have updated the code, you can simply run make and it should recompile your code. Then test by running ./hello\_world
- Be sure to comment your code! Also fix all compiler warnings!

# 6. "Something Cool" (1 pt)

Copy your working code on top of the something\_cool.c file. cp hello\_world.c something\_cool.c

Then do one of the following.

- Change the number of times your printing code loops based on a command line argument. The atoi() or strtod() functions might be useful for this.
- Modify your hello\_world.c file further to print the lines in different colors. HINT: Look up "ANSI escape codes"
- (harder) Instead of printing everything one color, print each line a different color.
- (even harder) Print each individual letter of the output a different color.

### 7. **Answer the following questions** (4pts total)

Short answers are fine. Put your answers in the README file using a text editor, it will be automatically included in the submission process.

- (a) If you want to know more about the ls program, what command can you run?
- (b) What does the -a option to the 1s program do?
- (c) What is one reason Linux is used in embedded system design?
- (d) What method are you using to connect to your pi? (monitor/keyboard, network, serial, etc.?) How are you copying files back and forth?

# 8. Submit your work

- Be sure your name and answers to questions are in the README file.
- Run make submit which will create a hw2\_submit.tar.gz file containing README, Makefile, hello\_world.c and something\_cool.c.

  You can verify the contents with tar -tzvf hw2\_submit.tar.gz
- e-mail the hw2\_submit.tar.gz file to me by the homework deadline. Be sure to send the proper file!